



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

During this period of time 16 cases of variola were removed to hospital, while for other causes during this time 27 sick were taken to the Hospital of S. Joao Baptista, 3 persons were taken to the Asylo de Observacao, and 1 to the Detencao para a Penitenciaria. Seventeen dead were removed from the Hospital S. Joao Baptista, 4 from the Isolation Hospital, 3 from the Penitenciaria, and 5 from private residences—in all 76 removals of sick persons and dead, to or from hospitals, etc., were made during the 27 days under consideration. During this period 148 vaccinations against variola were made, all in the homes of those undergoing the operation.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carson reports as follows: Week ended June 2, 1904: Present officially estimated population, 8,500; 4 deaths.

Prevailing diseases: Malarial fever and pulmonary phthisis. No quarantinable diseases in or around this port.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
May 27	Anselm.....	41	9	14	0
30	Senator.....	40	1	1	0
June 2	Belize.....	17	0	0	0

CANADA.

Inspection of immigrants at Quebec.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Stevenson reports, June 6, as follows: Week ended June 4, 1904. Number of immigrants inspected, 365; number passed, 338; number detained, 27.

Inspection of immigrants at Vancouver.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Riggs reports as follows: Month of May, 1904. Number of immigrants inspected, 423; number passed, 383; number rejected, 40.

Vessels leaving Vancouver for ports in the United States required to take out bills of health.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, June 1, 1904.

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 26th ultimo, asking that the consul at Vancouver be directed to require that all vessels leaving Vancouver for any port in Alaska, or other port in the United States, take out bills of health.

In reply I have to say that the consul was instructed in accordance with your request, by telegraph, on the 27th ultimo.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN HAY.